VT-Exam. April.-17-1

QP Code: 04018

(2 ½Hours) [Total Marks: 75

- N.B.: (1) All questions are compulsory.
 - (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (a) Choose the right alternative (any eight):
 (i) Elimination of the government control over economic activities is known

as -----(Liberalization, Privatization, Globalization)

- (ii) The Ministry of environment and forest has created information system called ------(EIS, GIS, GPS)
- (iii) The only important motive of all ----- companies is to maximise their profit.(Private, Public, Co-operative)
- (iv) Human Rights are derived from the principle of ----- Law. (Government, Natural, Judicial)
- (v) Indian constitution has incorporated ----- fundamental Rights. (8, 7, 6).
- (vi) ----- is recognised as the international document of Human Rights. (UDHR, American Declaration, French Declaration)
- (viii) -------- factor is related to Physical, Mental or emotional distrurbance. (Stress, aggression, conflict)
 - (ix) ---- is one of the causes of aggression.

 (Migration, Communalism, Urbanisation)
 - (x) Maslow's theory is related to ----- (Self Actualization, Stress, Agression)
- (b) State whether the following statements are true or false (any seven):
 - (i) Levitt introduced the concept of globalization.
 - (ii) IT has made communication simple and less expensive.
 - (iii) Freedom of speech and expression may also include defamation.
 - (iv) John Locke was recognized as the father of modern international Law.
 - (v) Natural environment provides renewable sources of energy.
 - (vi) Sustainable development has three components : environment, society and economy.
 - (vii) Basic human values help to improve standard of living in a society.
 - (viii) Regionalism is the only cause of aggression and violence.
 - (ix) Individual factors are the only causes of stress.
 - (x) Causes of stress are not the same for every individual.

2.	What is meant by Globalization? Explain the impact of Globalization on Indian economy. OR	15
	Explain the impact of Globalization on Agriculture.	
3.	Explain the meaning and characteristics of Human Rights. OR	15
	Examine the concept of civil rights. Describe any five civil rights.	
4.	Explain the concepts of environment and ecology and their interconnectedness. OR	15
	Explain the causes of environmental degradation.	
5.	Explain the meaning and causes of stress. OR	
	Write short notes on (any three): (a) Concept of Liberalization (b) Problem of migration (c) Food chain. (d) Coping with stress (e) Types of conflicts	15
	(मराठी रूपांतर)	
	(२ ^९ / _३ तास) (एकूण गुण : ७५	
सूचन	ग : (१) सर्व प्रश्न अनिवार्य आहेत.	
	(२) उजवी कडील अंक पूर्ण गुण दर्शवितात. (३) आवश्यकता वाटल्यास इंग्रजी प्रश्नपत्रिका पाहावी.	
9.	(अ) योग्य पर्याय निवडा (कोणतेही आठ) :	
·	(१) आर्थिक कृतीवरील सरकारचे नियंत्रण दूर करणे हे म्हणून आळखले जाते. (उदारीकरण, खाजगीकरण, जागतिकीकरण)	6
	(ई.आय.एस्.जी., जी.आय.एस्., जी.पी.एस्.)	
	(३) या सर्व कंपन्यांचा महत्तम नफा मिळविणे हाच हेतु आहे. (खाजगी, सार्वजनिक, सहकारी)	
	पानवाच्या संस्थासूर निर्मालक जिल्ला.	
in Tag	(५) भारतीय राज्यघटनेने मुलभूत अधिकार दिले आहेत. (०८, ०७, ०६)	
	(६) ही मानवी हक्काबाबत आंतरराष्ट्रीय दस्तावेज म्हणून ओळखली जाते.	
	(थु.डा.२४.जार., जनारकाचा जाहरनामा, फ्रांच जाहरनामा)	

(शाकाहारी, मांसाहारी, मिश्रहारी).

FYBCOM SEM-II APRIL-2018 SUB-A/C

Q. P. Code: 34385

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 100

Please check whether you have got the right Question Paper

N.B:

- 1. Figures in brackets to the right indicate full marks allotted to the question.
- 2. Working notes should form part of your answers.
- 3. All questions are compulsory, although, there are internal options.
- 4. Use of simple calculator is allowed.

.1 (A	(10) Fill in the blanks choosing the correct alternative (Any Ten)
1.	is a statement sent by the consignor to the consignee showing the details
	of goods sent on Consignment. (Pro-forma invoice/ Account sale/Invoice)
2.	Bills Receivables dishonored are recorded onside of Debtors
	account. (Debit/ Credit/Asset)
3.	Goods sent on Consignment account is closed by transferring balance to
	account of consignor. (Consignment Account/Goods Account/Trading Account)
4.	Opening stock reserve isto branch A/c in Branch Debtors Method.
	(Added/Debited/Credited)
5.	is prepared in single entry to find out credit purchases.
	(Debtors Account/ Cash and Bank Account/Creditors Account)
6.	Cash remitted by Head office to branch is to Branch A/c in head office
	books under Branch Debtors method. (Debited/Credited/Added)
7.	Fire insurance covers a risk due to (Fire /Flood/Earthquake).
8.	Actual loss of stock due to Fire = Stock on the date of fire less
	(Insurance premium/Salvage/Compensation)
9.	Memorandum Trading Account is prepared to find (Closing stock on the
	date of fire /Gross profit on the date of fire/Salvage on the date of fire)
10.	If Del Credere commission is paid to consignee bad debts loss is assumed by
150	(Consignee/Consignor/Customer)
11.	In calculating Fire Insurance claims undervaluation of stock needs to be brought
1	to (Market Price/Cost Price/Undervalued Price.)
12.	Goods which are slow moving are called as (Abnormal goods/Salvage/Claim)
.1 (B	3) State whether following statements are true or false (Any Ten) (10)
1.	If gross profit is 20% of sales that means it is 25% of cost.
2.	Purchase Return is debited to creditors Account.
3.	Consignee prepares consignment Account.
4.	Debtors Account shows opening balance to the debit side of Debtors Account.
5.	To find credit sales, head office prepares Debtors Account.
100	Bills Receivable dishonored are credited to Creditors Accounts.
7.	Payment to Creditors can be ascertained from cash / Bank Account.
18.5	
1 - 1	

Q. P. Code: 34385

- 8. Average clause is applicable in case of underinsurance.
- 9. Stock on consignment belongs to the consignor.
- 10. Account sale is sent by the consignor to the consignee.
- 11. In Statement of Affairs method of single entry, complete records are converted into incomplete records.
- 12. Insurer gets compensation less than the amount of policy, in case of full insurance.

Q.2. Mr. Roy supplies you the following information:

(15

Particulars	01.04.2017	31.03.2018
Sundry Debtors	90,000	1,05,000
Stock	75,000	85,000
Sundry Creditors	55,000	60,000
Furniture	20,000	7
Machinery	1,75,000	?

Summary of cash transactions for the year ended 31st March, 2018:

Receipts	0.00 € 90 °C	Payments	₹
Opening Balance	5,000	Creditors	1,75,000
Cash Sales	55,000	Wages	80,000
Received from Debtors	3,90,000	Salaries	75,000
Loan from Joy	50,000	Expenses	30,000
	1 - 1 T - 2	Drawings	45,000
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		Personal Income Tax	15,000
2000		Machinery Purchased(on	50,000
	25.4.8.2.5	1.4.2017)	
	2 0 - 1 - 1 C 11	Closing Balance	30,000
2 2 2 8 8 5	5,00,000		5,00,000

Additional Information:

Discount Allowed were ₹ 6,000 and Discount Received ₹ 5,000. Bad Debts written off were ₹ 4,000. Depreciation is to be provided on Furniture @ 5% p.a. and on Machinery @ 10% p.a. Expenses include payment of ₹ 1,000 which relates to April, 2018.

Prepare Trading and Profit & Loss Account of Mr. Roy for the year ended 31st March, 2018 and Balance Sheet as on that date.

OF

Q.2. Mr. Omkar, a retailer of Mumbai, submits his financial position as on 31st March, 2017 and 31st March 2018 as under: (15)

Particulars	31.03.2017	31.03.2018
Plant & Machinery	1,00,000	?
Stock (at cost)	76,500	80,000
Debtors	1,43,500	1,40,000
Cash at Bank	44,000	?
Creditors	60,000	70,000
Loan from Vijay	40,000	?

During the year ended 31st March, 2018; Mr. Omkar:

- a) Received from debtors ₹ 3,03,500.
- b) Paid ₹ 2,33,500 to creditors for goods.
- c) Repaid ₹ 10,000 of Vijay's Loan.
- d) Purchased a computer for ₹ 14,000.
- e) Withdrew ₹ 1,600 per month for domestic use.
- f) Introduced additional capital of ₹6,000.
- g) He sold goods only on credit.
- h) He spent for business expenses ₹18,000.
- i) Charge 20% Depreciate on Plant & Machinery and Computers.

Prepare Mr. Omkar's Final Accounts by showings all yours workings.

Q.3 Hero Motors consigned on 01/07/2017, 100 bicycles to Vastu Motors of Kolhapur to be sold on behalf of Hero Motors. The Cost of each bicycle was ₹1,500. Hero Motors incurred ₹1,000 on freights and insurance. Vastu Motors received the consignment on 14/07/2017 and accepted a three months bill drawn upon by Hero Motors for ₹50,000. Vastu Motors paid ₹4,000 as rent and ₹2,500 as insurance and by 31/12/2017 had sold 80 bicycles at ₹2,500 each. Vastu Motors is entitled to total commission of 5 per cent on sales including a del-credere commission of 1%. Vastu Motors sold 20 bicycles on credit and was not able to recover sales proceeds of 5 bicycles because of insolvency of the debtor.

Prepare Consignment Account and Consignee's Account in the books of Hero Motors.

OR

Q.3. Following information is available from the books of Sunny Pharmaceuticals Ltd (15) for its branch at Bangalore for the year ended 31st March 2018. The head office invoices goods to the Branch at 25% on Invoice Price. You are required to prepare Bangalore Branch A/c in the books of Sunny Pharmaceuticals Ltd using Branch Debtors Method. Also prepare Total Debtors Account to support your answer.

Particulars	₹
Balance as on 1-4-2017	
Branch Debtors Stock at Invoice price	55,000
Cash- in –hand	75,000
Office furniture (Depreciated @10 % po)	10,000
Balance as on 31-3-2018	10,000
- Branch Debtors	?

Using the information given, draw up the following accounts in the books of Majestic. Trading Company for the financial year 2017-18 using Stock and Debtors Method:

- 1. Mysore Branch stock account
- 2. Mysore Branch debtors Account
- 3, Mysore Branch Expenses Account
- 4. Mysore Branch Cash Account and
- 5. Mysore Branch P&L Account.

Q.4. On 31st July 2017, A major fire broke in the premises of M/s Shalimar International destroying stock of goods available with them. Stock having cost worth ₹5,000 could be salvaged. The Insurance policy was for ₹ 25,000.

Following information was obtained from the books of Accounts saved.

Particulars	
a. Balances as per the last Balance sheet as on 31st March 2017:	Rs.
Stock Stock	
Creditors	55,000
Debtors	12,000
D. Transactions between 1.4.2017 and 31,07,2017.	20,000
Payment to Creditors	
Receipts from Debtors	42,000
Returns inward	60,000
Returns Outward	5,000
Cash Sales	6,000
Unpaid Creditors as on 31st July 2017	55,000
Hunaid Debtors as an 21st the 2017	40,000
Unpaid Debtors as on 31st July, 2017	55,000

All Sales are made at a profit of 33.33 % on Selling Price. You are required to draw up a statement showing claim to be submitted to the Insurance Company.

Q.5. Goods costing ₹ 45,000 were invoiced by Mr. Amarendra of Aurangabad to Mr. Charul (15) of Chandigarh. ₹ 28,125 is received as advance from Charul. Charul is to get 5 per cent commission on sales and 21/2 per cent del-credere commission. Eighty per cent of the goods were sold for ₹57,000. Expenses of the Consignor were ₹3,000 and of Consignee ₹1,500; ₹300 proved bad. The account was settled by cash payment.

Prepare Consignment Account and Consignee's Account in the books of Mr. Amarendra.

Q. P. Code: 34385

Q.5 On 5th June 2017 there was a devastating Fire in the godown of Welspun Ltd. **(15)**Following details were available from the books that were saved.

Particulars	₹
Stock on 1.4.2016	75,000
Purchases from 1.4.2016 to 31.3.2017	2,30,000
Purchases from 1.4.2017 to 5.06.2017	23,000
Sales from 1.4.2016 to 31.3.2017	3,60,000
Sales from 1.4.2017 to 5.06.2017	36,000
Stock on 31.3.2017	60,000
Wages from 1.4.2016 to 31.3.2017	21,400
Wages from 1.4.2017 to 5.06.2017	5,200

Q6 A) What is single entry system? Enumerate the steps in finalizing accounts in conversion method of single entry. (10)
Q 6 B) State the Accounting Methods of Dependent Branches. (10)

OR

- Q 6 Write short notes on any four of the following: (Apy FOUR) (20)
 - 1. Calculation of Fire Insurance Claims.
 - 2. Proforma Invoice in consignment.
 - 3. Goods invoiced to branches at higher price.
 - 4. Debtors and Bills Receivables Account.
 - 5. Consignment Account.
 - 6. Stock Debtors Method of Branch Accounts.

FYB (OM) SEMI -IL APRIL- 2018 SUB - COM-IL

[Time: Three Hours]

[Marks: 100]

Q.P. Code: 31726

N.B - 1. All questions are compulsory.

- 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3. Answer to each question must begin on a new page.

Q.1 A) Fill in the blanks with the appropriate option given in the bracket; (any 10)

	1.	A doctor must be physically present at the time of treating the patient, it is a featur	e of
١		in service. (Inconsistency / Inseparability / Intangibility)	
	2.	Services are(durable/storable/perishable)	N tell our safety fo
	3.	Services are in nature (tangible/intangible/retangible)	
	4.	A special gift given to a consumer is alevel of service product. (Basic/ Co	ro/Augmented)
	5.	is an example of non-store retail format in India (Electronic retailing)	ne/Augmented)
	6	Hypermarts/department stores)	
	6.	The extent to which customers are willing to accept variations in service performance of(handling/tolerance/behavior)	ace is called the
	7.	If service is not delivered as per the expectations of the consumer, it is termed as (satisfaction /dissatisfaction /delight)	of course or with A. (1
	8.	management of a will be t	
	0.	management of a mall involves managing the footfall inside and outsi (Zoning/Traffic/Ambience)	ide the mall
	9.		
	2.	C2C stands for model of ecommerce	
	10	(court to Consumer / consumer to Consumer / company to Company)	
	10.	McDonald is an example of(franchising/merger/venture)	The State of the S
	11.	is one of the major challenge for logistics in India (warehousing/govern	ment
	The same of	poneyagriculture)	
	12.	Ecommerce the cost of operating the business (reduces/increase/does not	impact)
	S. 80.	and the conditional continued (EASS are the Continued of	impact)
5	1	R) State whather the fellowing	
1	75	B) State whether the following statements are true or false: (any 10)	(10)
×	- 1	. Service performance varies across at different times.	atom typic and the
	A	Marketing of services is very easy due to its features	
· ·	3	at is very difficult to bring in tangibility in services	southouse to
4	4	TDI in retailing helps to increase the inflation in the market	
5	3,	There are less number of career opportunities available in retail goester	
	U.	Retail in India is observing an increase in the number of malls opening in male	s of the country
	A. 3.4.	The hank out of the country of the will will awai in the hank out to the	or the country.
	O.	To access online banking account, the customer needs to go to the health	
7		Logistics in findia do not face any challenges with regard to infrastructure	
		% Foreign banks have large number of ATM's in India	

Q.P. Code: 31726 11. B2B model of ecommerce involves business between business and the buyer 12. Currently the major part of Indian population does not buy online due to lack of internet penetration.

Q.2 Answer any Two of the following:

- a) Define Services. Explain its scope.
- b) Explain the elements of marketing mix for services.
- c) Describe the steps involved in the process of service delivery.

Q.3 Answer any Two of the following:

(15)

- a) Describe various types of store formats of retail in India.
- b) What are the survival strategies adopted by unorganized retailers in India?
- c) Discuss certain points of arguments in favor of Foreign Direct Investment in retailing in India.

Q.4 Answer any Two of the following:

(15)

- a) What is Enterprise resource planning? Explain its merits.
- b) What is the difference between a credit card and a debit card?
- c) What is Business Process Outsourcing? Explain its merits.

Q.5 Answer any Two of the following:

- a) What is E-Commerce? Explain various challenges faced with reference to transition to ecommerce.
- b) What are the limitations of Business to Consumer (B2C) model of E-commerce?
- c) Explain various functions of Ecommerce.

Q.6 Write short notes on: (any 4)

- a) Importance of Service sector in Indian economy.
- b) Organized and unorganized retailing
- c) Elements of Logistics
- d) Features of Ecommerce
- e) Marketing Research
- f) Internet Banking

Page 2 of 4

[Marks:100]

FYBCOM: - Business Economics SEM-II APRIL-2018 Q.P. Code: 04844

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

[Time: Three Hours]

N.B:

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. All questions have internal choice.
- 3. Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.
- 4. Use of simple calculator is permitted.
- 5. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

2.1)	A)	Select the best answer from the given options and rewrite the statement. Any Ten:-
. ,	i.	Demand for a product of a firm in perfect competition is
		a. relatively elastic b. unitary elastic
(c. perfectly elastic d. relatively inelastic
	ii.	In the short run to stay in business, the firm must cover
		a. total cost b. fixed cost c. variable cost d. normal profit
	iii.	Under imperfect competition
		a. there is necessarily one producer
		b. individual sellers have no control over the price of the goods or services they produce
		c. individual sellers have control over the price of the goods or services they produce
		d. none of the above
	iv.	If we were examining a market that had three producers, use would call that market
		a. perfect competition b. monopoly
		c. monopolistic-competition d. oligopoly
	v.	Monopolistic competition resembles perfect competition in
		a. there are substitutes for products
		b. there are many firms
		c. entry and exit is easy
		d. all of the above
	vi.	In a monopolistically competitive market the number of firms is
		a. few b. large c. one d. two
1	1	Price discrimination will
		a. lead to higher price
	- 6	b. occur when the same product is sold to different buyers at different prices
	1	c. result in firms charging the same price to all consumers.
-42	10 2	d. both a and b
4.	vili.	qualify for multiple product pricing.
1	Y S	a. Printer and computer
76		b. Pen and paper
		c. Jewellery and watches
100	5	id. All of the above
	ix.	Price discrimination is possible when
1. 14	10.0	a. markets are separated by distances
3.3	45	b. there is perfect competition
24	13	c. both a and b
	W 17	d. neither a nor b
J. 4. A.	M.	

Burings Economics

Q.P. Code :04844

	2	62,314
x.	Capital investment decisions are irreversible because	
	a. the expenditure is very large	3.45
	b. the expenditure is very small	201.00
	c. investment is done by the government	
	d. none of the above	X 12 2
xi.	does not apply to the payback period method.	
	a. Helps in ranking of profits	Tall of the
	b. Reduces uncertainty associated with returns	11000
	c. Is expressed in number of years	
	d Does not consider time value of money	
xii.	The value expected to be achieved from the amount invested is known as	
	a. internal rate of return b. net present value	
	c. payback period d. replacement investment	
Q.1) B)	State whether the following statements are True or False.	10
i.	A firm is a price taker under perfect competition.	
II.	The demand curve of a firm in perfect competition is horizontal.	
111.	A monopolist never makes losses in the long run.	
iv.	A monopolistically competitive firm does not need to advertise its product.	
٧.	Price under monopolistic competition would be higher due to advertising cost.	
vi.	Price rigidity is an important characteristic of oligopoly.	
vii.	- c	
viii	Price discrimination is practiced by a monopolist.	
ix.	Under marginal cost pricing, price is determined on the basis of fixed cost.	
х.	Capital budgeting decisions do not affect the profitability of firms.	
xi.	When NPV is negative, the project is accepted.	
xii.	a to the discharge on the principle of discounting.	
7,11	A Company of the Comp	
Q.2)	Attempt A and B QR C and D:-	
A)	What are the characteristic features of perfect competition?	8
B)	with a second of the carping supernormal profit in the short run.	división :
-,	OR' Sang mikings	
C)	What is monopoly? Describe its features:	8
D)	and answer the following questions:	1
	The market for wheat in Timbuktu has a large number of buyers and sellers. The quality of wheat is	
	homogeneous. There is free entry and exit and there is no government intervention.	
	Name the market structure being described in the paragraph above.	
	i. Describe the characteristic features of the market identified by you in question(i)	
9.8.4		
Q.3)	Attempt A and B OR C and D:-	08
A	Write an explanatory note on product differentiation.	07
-	Explain Paul Sweezy's kinked demand curve model.	
	OR Additional to the Asi	

			the various forms of price			19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1	07
	D	A share He us come chang depar i.	mpoo manufacturer is aves advertisements with to up with different varietions the packaging to make the market warket.	he most popular firm star es of shampoos he also in e it more attractive. He p var. structure being described	rands of shampoos bot s to promote his product troduces different varie refers to spend on adve	rtising and a good sales	07
		II.	Describe the chara	acteristic features of the n	rarket identified by you	in question (i).	
-	Q.4)	Atton	npt A and B OR C and D:-				
00		Discu	ss the conditions under v	which price discrimination	is possible.		08
			a note on marginal cost			Ý 5 . 8 . 5 . v	07
				OR			
	0) Expla	in the multiple product p	ricing method.			08
		(i (c		demerits of the full cost			07
		li)		ark up of 12% if average v		the average fixed cost	
			Rs.20, calculate the fu	Il cost price of product M	of the firm Maxxer.		
		12.7		a seem to be proper			
	Q.5)		npt A and B OR C and D:-	plain the steps in capital b	udaetina		08
		- 1	a note on Internal Rate		augeting,		07
		, , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	a note on meeting nate.	OR			
	(Expla	in Net Présent Value Me	thod of project evaluation			08
1				projects with the initial in		cash flows.	07
		Calcu	late the payback period	for each project and rank	the project.		
			Project	Initial Investment	Annual Cash Flow		
		**	A A	60,000	15,000		
O		- 13°	В	40,000	8,000		
0			C	30,000	15,000		
			D 3 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	20,000	20,000		
	1						
	Q.6)		mpt A and B OR Write sh			and of differential and	10
	The state of the s	200	The second secon	ium of firms in perfect cor		ons of differential cost.	10 10
20°		3) Discu	iss the role of advertising	highlighting its advantage OR			10
	Q.6)	Wrife	short notes : (Any Four)				20
1. 19	4.07	4.	Sources of monor	H And Market Company			
100			the state of the said of the said				
5		A		en oligopoly and monopo	listic competition		
		The state of the state of	Degrees of price of				
A -1.		V					
The state of	18 20	y	i. Significance of ca	pital budgeting			
W. T. W.	1 13.9 h	of the later of	13 12 To 12 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			4.	

FYB(OM) SEM-II APRIL-2018 fyB(om - Business Communication Q.P. Code :32072

[Time: Three Hours]

[Marks:100]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- 1. Question.No.1 is compulsory.
- 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- A. Explain the following terms in 2-3 sentences: (Any Five) Q. 1

10

- 1. Closed questions
- 2. A report
- 3. Agenda
- 4. Bulletin
- 5. Consensus
- 6. Quorum
- 7. Meeting
- 8. Interview

B.	Match	the	foll	owing:

05

A	В
Decisions taken at meeting	a. Selection interview
2. Conference	b. Resignation
3. Promote sales	c. Resolutions
4. WASP Technique	d. Discounts
5. Exit interview	e. Keynote speaker

Q.2 Write short notes on (Any Four):- 20

- a. Grievance interview
- b. Role of the participants in a meeting
- c. Appraisal interview
- d. Webinar
- e. Advantages of meetings
- f. Preparation to be made by candidate before a selection interview.
- 0.3 Answer the following questions: (Any Two)

20

- 1) Define 'Committee'. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of Committees?
- 2) What is a Conference? What are the preparations to be made for holding a conference?
- 3) Define 'Public Relations'. Discuss the various measures for promoting Internal PR.

Draft the following letters (Any Four) 0.4

- 1) Your college needs to replace the water filter cum coolers in the premises. Write a letter of Inquiry to Cool Guard Technology Solutions, Mumbai.
- 2) Ms Reema bought a food processor by paying rupees 3000. The food processor makes alarming noises while grinding. Draft a complaint letter to ABC Electronics on behalf of Ms. Reema.
- 3) Draft a sales letter for the promotion of any one of the following: B) Hair oil A) Smart phone
- 4) Write a petition in the form of a letter to be presented to the District Consumer Forum about a refrigerator which has turned out to be a defective piece that you bought from much advertised Topsy Turvy Electronics, Malad who ignored all your complaints.
- 5) Your application for an educational loan is not processed despite you having completed all the formalities of XYZ Bank, Mumbai. Draft a RTI petition to question the delay.
- 1) A manufacturing company of Ayurvedic beauty products from Himachal Pradesh wants to 10 0.5 set up a sales counter at Viva Salon, Pune. Draft a business proposal to be submitted to the Manager.

OR

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- 2) As the Chairperson of the Committee that has been appointed to investigate the causes of decline in sales at Premier Industries Ltd., draft your report with a covering letter.
- Q.6 Draft the Notice and Agenda of the 2nd AGM of Micro - Cell Software Solutions Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. Also draft the following Resolutions -

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- 1) Approval of the Annual Report
- 2) Appointment of the company Treasurer
- Summarize the following passage and give a suitable title:

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There are absolutely no two answers possible for this question. Is plastic bad for environment? In fact, it is one of man's worst inventions. When plastic was invented, it was looked upon as a wonder invention because of the innumerable usages it lent itself to. However, it soon became apparent that plastic has one highly negative quality that wiped out the advantages of all its uses. Plastic is non - biodegradable. This means that waste plastic cannot be turned into any other substance that is eco - friendly. You can burn tonnes and tonnes of plastic in the most advanced incinerators and all that remains is plastic. It doesn't change into anything else, as all other inventions do. Paper burnt turns into ash, but not plastic. Glass can melt and be re - formed as other glass products. But Plastic burnt cannot be used to form any kind of product. Hence, plastic waste contributes dangerously to environment pollution.

Q.P. Code:32072

Here are some of the ill effects of having plastic for daily use. Thin plastic bags reach the drainage system and this causes clogging, especially during the rains. If too much plastic ends up in a lake or a pond, it creates a layer that denies oxygen to everything below so that no plant or animal life can survive in that water body. Plastic causes water pollution, as well as pollution of the soil. Hence plastic must be done away with, completely. Before plastic was invented, man had all the alternatives possible, so why have plastic at all?

FYBCOM SEM-II APRIL-2018 SUB-EVS

Q.P. Code:32366

		A 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	
[Time: Three Hours]	2 17 3		[Marks10

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N B-1	ΔII	questions	are	compulsor	v
14.0.4		decamone	-		,

- 2) Draw diagrams and maps wherever necessary
- 3) Figures to the right indicates full marks
- 4) Attach the map to your answer paper

	A)	On the outline map of Mumbai supplied to you, mark and name the following.	10
		a) Mahim creek	
		b) Powai lake	
		c) A beach in Mumbai	
		d) An area of mangrove vegetation	
		e) A nature park	
		f) A religious place	
		g) A site of noise pollution	
		h) Malbar hill	
		i) Most polluted river	
		j) Any one dumping yard	
	B)	Mark and name the following on the outline map of konkan supplied to you.	10
		a) Ratnagiri district	
		b) A fort in sindhudurg district	
		c) An atomic power station	
		d) A hill station	
		e) A beach in palghar district	
		f) Fruit and vegetable market in thane district	
		g) Vasai creek	
	.00	h) Any one flood prone area	
		i) A site of land slide	
	1	j) Any one hot spring	
Q.2	A)	Describe different sources of waste with examples	10
	B)	Explain the impact of waste on environment	10
		OR	
	(C)	State the role of citizens in waste management in urban and rural areas	10
	DI	Discuss the offerts made by MCGM in solid waste management	10

FYB (OM)
SEM-IL
APRIL-2018
SUB-MATHS
[Time: 3 Hours]

20/4/18

Q.P. Code: 35691

[Marks: 100]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B: 1. All questions are Compulsory.
 - 2. In each question, attempt any four sub-questions out of the given five sub-questions.
 - 3. Each questions carries 20 marks. Each sub-questions carries 5 marks.
 - 4. Use of a simple calculator is allowed.
 - 5. Use of a scientific calculator, digital diary or a phone is NOT allowed.
 - 6. Graphs must be drawn on the graph paper provided.

SECTION I

- 1. Attempt any four from (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E):
 - (A) Find the derivative of y with respect to x:

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i.
$$y = 6(x^5) + \log 90 + 2(4^x) + e^x$$

- ii. $y = (\log x + x)(5x^5 + 55)$
- (B) The Total Revenue R for quantity D is given by $R = 100 D D^2$. Find the Total 05 Revenue, the Average Revenue and the Marginal Revenue when D = 10.
- (C) The total cost function is given by $C = x^2 10 x + 525$. Find x for which the total cost is minimum. Also find the minimum total cost.
- (D) Find the elasticity of demand for demand function $p = 80 D^2$ when D = 2.
- (E) The demand function and the supply function for a commodity are given by $D = 400 p^2$ and $S = 100 + 2 p^2$ respectively. Find the rate of change in demand with respect to price at the equilibrium price.
- 2. Attempt any four from (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E):
 - (A) Find the compound interest and the accumulated amount after 4 years of a principal sum of ₹ 20,000 at 8% p.a.
 - (B) Mr. Khanna needs ₹ 40,00,000 for his new business after 3 years. He wishes to put aside some money now in a bank giving 9% compound interest p.a., so that after 3
 - years he would get the required amount. How much should he put aside now?

 (C) What sum should be set aside at he end of each year for 4 years, at 10% p.a. compound interest, to replace a machinery which is expected to cost ₹ 50,00,000 at that time?
 - (D) Find the present value of an immediate annuity of ₹ 10,000 per year for 3 years with interest compounded at 6% p.a.
 - (E) A loan of ₹ 30,000 is to be returned in 4 monthly instalments at the rate of 12% p.a. 05 compounded monthly. Find the EMI using the reducing balance method.

SECTION II

- 3. Attempt any four from (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E):
 - (A) If the Rank correlation coefficient is $\frac{2}{3}$ and $\sum d^2 = 55$, then find the number of pairs of observations (Assume that no rank is repeated.)
 - (B) Given that means of two variable X & Y are 6 and 8 and their variance are 25 and 169 and coefficient of correlation is 0.53 find likely value of y when x = 102

Turn Over

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(C) Calculate Product moment correlation coefficient from the following data.

X	6	2	10	4	8
У	9	11	5	8	7

(D) The regression equation of y on x is 10y - 9x = -40 and regression equation x on y is 05 10x - 4y = 80. Find

i)
$$\bar{x}$$
 and \bar{y}

ii) Correlation coefficient (r)

x	1	2	3	4	5
y	2	5	3	8	7

(E) Define 'Regression' why there are two regression lines? Under what condition can there will be only one regression line?

4. Attempt any four from (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E):

(A) Compute the seasonal indices for the following data using simple average method.

Year	Quarter						
	I	П	III	- IV			
2005	55	53	57	51			
2006	56	55	60	53			
2007	57	56	61	54			

(B) Construct Index Number by weighted aggregative method.

Commodity	Pric	e	Weight
	2000	2014	
A.	200	285	12
В	1600	2000	4
C	800	800	- 8
D	520	540	6

(C) Find three yearly moving average from the following data.

Year	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Productions	19	24	25	21	24	26	25

(D) Find fishers Index number from the following data.

Commodity	Curr	ent year	Base year		
	Price	Quantity	Price	Quantity	
A	3	30	2	20	
В	5	20	4	15	
C	6	50	3	40	

(E) What is seasonal variation? Explain briefly with examples.

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5.	Attempt	any	four	from	(A),	(B),	(C),	(D)	and	(E)	
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- (A) A student calculates mean as 5 and variance as 9 for a Binomial distribution.

 Is his calculation correct? Justify.
- (B) If x has a Poisson distribution with parameter m such that P[x = 3] = P[x = 4] 05

 Find $P[x \ge 3]$, $[e^{-4} = 0.0183]$
- (C) If Random Variable $X \sim N(4,25)$ then find $P[x \le 4]$.
- (D) The company having 5000 workers whose wage distributed normally with average wage ₹ 800 with S.D. of wage ₹ 200 find the no of workers getting wages above 1000. [Area between Z = 0 and Z = 1 is 0.3413].
- (E) Write the p.m.f of Binomial distribution and its properties.